

M2REG-INDINT-2223-ASM-SET 1-MATH

Suggested solutions

$$1. \int \frac{6 \, dx}{\sqrt[5]{x^3}} = 6 \int x^{-\frac{3}{5}} \, dx$$

$$= 15x^{\frac{2}{5}} + \text{constant} \quad 1A$$

$$2. \int (3x^5 + \sqrt{2}x + 1) \, dx = \frac{1}{2}x^6 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x^2 + x + \text{constant} \quad 1A$$

$$3. \int \left(x - \frac{2}{x}\right)^3 \, dx = \int \left(x^3 - 6x + \frac{12}{x} - \frac{8}{x^3}\right) \, dx \quad 1M$$

$$= \frac{x^4}{4} - 3x^2 + 12 \ln |x| + 4x^{-2} + \text{constant} \quad 1A$$

$$4. \int (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt[3]{x})^4 \, dx = \int (x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{\frac{1}{3}})^4 \, dx$$

$$= \int \left(x^2 + 4x^{\frac{11}{6}} + 6x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 4x^{\frac{3}{2}} + x^{\frac{4}{3}}\right) \, dx \quad 1M$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{24}{17}x^{\frac{17}{6}} + \frac{9}{4}x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{8}{5}x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{3}{7}x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \text{constant} \quad 1A$$

$$5. \int \frac{\left(\sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^3}{x^2} \, dx = \int \frac{x - 6x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 6x^{-\frac{2}{3}} - 8x^{-\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} \, dx \quad 1M$$

$$= \int \left(\frac{1}{x} - 6x^{-\frac{11}{6}} + 6x^{-\frac{8}{3}} - 8x^{-\frac{7}{2}}\right) \, dx$$

$$= \ln |x| + \frac{36}{5}x^{-\frac{5}{6}} - \frac{36}{5}x^{-\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{16}{5}x^{-\frac{5}{2}} + \text{constant} \quad 1A$$

$$6. \quad (a) \quad \frac{d}{dx}[(x^4 - 1) \ln(x^2 + 1)] = 4x^3 \ln(x^2 + 1) + (x^4 - 1) \frac{2x}{x^2 + 1} \quad 1M$$

$$= 4x^3 \ln(x^2 + 1) + (x^2 - 1)(x^2 + 1) \frac{2x}{x^2 + 1}$$

$$= 2x^3 - 2x + 4x^3 \ln(x^2 + 1) \quad 1A$$

$$(b) \quad \int [2x^3 - 2x + 4x^3 \ln(x^2 + 1)] \, dx = (x^4 - 1) \ln(x^2 + 1) + \text{constant} \quad 1M$$

$$2 \int (x^3 - x) \, dx + 4 \int x^3 \ln(x^2 + 1) \, dx = (x^4 - 1) \ln(x^2 + 1) + \text{constant}$$

$$\int x^3 \ln(x^2 + 1) \, dx = \frac{1}{4}(x^4 - 1) \ln(x^2 + 1) - \frac{1}{2} \int (x^3 - x) \, dx + \text{constant}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}(x^4 - 1) \ln(x^2 + 1) - \frac{1}{8}x^4 + \frac{1}{4}x^2 + \text{constant} \quad 1A$$

$$7. \int (2e^{\frac{x}{3}} + 1)(4e^{\frac{2x}{3}} - 2e^{\frac{x}{3}} + 1) \, dx = \int (8e^x + 1) \, dx \quad 1M$$

$$= 8e^x + x + \text{constant} \quad 1A$$

$$\begin{aligned}
8. \int \left(\frac{2e^{2x} - 3}{e^{3x}} \right)^2 dx &= \int \frac{4e^{4x} - 12e^{2x} + 9}{e^{6x}} dx \\
&= \int (4e^{-2x} - 12e^{-4x} + 9e^{-6x}) dx && 1M \\
&= -2e^{-2x} + 3e^{-4x} - \frac{3}{2}e^{-6x} + \text{constant} && 1A
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
9. \int 2^{3-5x} dx &= \int e^{(3-5x) \ln 2} dx && 1M \\
&= \frac{1}{-5 \ln 2} e^{(3-5x) \ln 2} + \text{constant} \\
&= -\frac{1}{5 \ln 2} 2^{3-5x} + \text{constant} && 1A
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
10. \int \sin^2 \frac{x}{4} dx &= \frac{1}{2} \int \left(1 - \cos \frac{x}{2} \right) dx && 1M \\
&= \frac{1}{2}x - \sin \frac{x}{2} + \text{constant} && 1A
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
11. \int \sin 5x \cos \frac{3x}{2} dx &= \frac{1}{2} \int \left(\sin \frac{13x}{2} + \sin \frac{7x}{2} \right) dx && 1M \\
&= -\frac{1}{13} \cos \frac{13x}{2} - \frac{1}{7} \cos \frac{7x}{2} + \text{constant} && 1A
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
12. \int (3 \tan x + \sec x)(3 \tan x - \sec x) dx &= \int (9 \tan^2 x - \sec^2 x) dx \\
&= \int [9(\sec^2 x - 1) - \sec^2 x] dx && 1M \\
&= \int (8 \sec^2 x - 9) dx \\
&= 8 \tan x - 9x + \text{constant} && 1A
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
13. \int (\cos^4 x - \sin^4 x) dx &= \int (\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x)(\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x) dx \\
&= \int (\cos 2x)(1) dx && 1M \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x + \text{constant} && 1A
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
14. \int \frac{4}{\cot x + \tan x} dx &= \int \frac{4}{\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}} dx \\
&= \int \frac{4 \sin x \cos x}{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x} dx \\
&= \int 4 \sin x \cos x dx && 1A \\
&= 2 \int \sin 2x dx && 1M \\
&= -\cos 2x + \text{constant} && 1A
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 15. \quad \int \sin 2x \sin 3x \sin 5x \, dx &= -\frac{1}{2} \int (\cos 5x - \cos x) \sin 5x \, dx && 1\text{M} \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} \int \cos 5x \sin 5x \, dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \cos x \sin 5x \, dx \\
 &= -\frac{1}{4} \int \sin 10x \, dx + \frac{1}{4} \int (\sin 6x + \sin 4x) \, dx && 1\text{M} \\
 &= \frac{1}{40} \cos 10x - \frac{1}{24} \cos 6x - \frac{1}{16} \cos 4x + \text{constant} && 1\text{A}
 \end{aligned}$$